

IMPLEMENTATION OF SWM RULES

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT STATUS Compliance of OA 606/2018

21rd July 2022

Government of Tamil Nadu

Solid Waste Management in Tamil Nadu

(Urban)

In Tamil Nadu, Municipal Administration and Water Supply Department has the administrative control over **649 ULBs** viz

- Greater Chennai Corporation
- Commissionerate of Town Panchayat (490 TPs)
- Directorate of Municipal Administration (20 Corporation & 138 Municipalities)

Total Waste	Wet waste in	Dry waste in	Inert and silt
Generation in TPD	TPD	TPD	in TPD
14,995	8,084	5,471	1,440

Solid Waste Management status in Tamil Nadu

(Urban)

Status	As on July 2019	As on July 2020	As on June 2021	As on June 2022
Quantity of waste generated in TPD	13,744	11,437	13,006	14,995
Quantity of Door to Door Collection (TPD)	12,781	10,751	12,335	14,396
Quantity of waste segregated at source (TPD)	11,270	8,120	10,404	12,147
Quantity of waste collected & Transported (TPD)	13,744	11,437	13,006	14,995
Quantity of waste processed (TPD)	7,422 (54%)	5,947 (52%)	7,543 (58%)	9,310 (62%)

Segregation at source and D2D collection of waste

- Currently the state has achieved an
 - ✓ 96% door to door collection
 - ✓ 81% source segregation.
- 100% of total waste is being collected

To achieve 100% collection and segregation, massive IEC awareness campaign "Peoples movement for clean cities" is being conducted in all ULBs

Segregation at source and D2D collection of waste













Waste Processing

- In 2022, Out of 14,995 TPD of total waste generation, 9,310 TPD is processed
- In 2019, Out of 13,744 TPD of total waste generation, 7,422 TPD processed

Wet waste processing

- Out of 8,083 TPD of wet waste, 5542 TPD is processed
- In 2019 Out of 7,146 TPD of wet waste, 3,827 TPD processed

Dunganing Facilities	2019		2022	
Processing Facilities	Nos	Capacity (TPD)	Nos	Capacity (TPD)
Micro Composting centres	628	2198	995	3569
Bio CNG plant	-	-	1	100
Garden waste & tender coconut shells plant	-	-	4	320
Onsite composting centres	876	310	907	350
Biomethanation plants	104	244	107	259
Windrows &Vermi composting	485	1075	556	1,455
Total	2,093	3,827	2,570	6,053

Wet waste processing



MCC-Trichy



Attur Municipality



Thuraiyur Municipality



Windrows- Bathlagundu



Vermi Composting- Ponnampatti



Biomethenation plant- Coimbatore

Wet waste processing - Approach to reduce gap

Gap in wet waste – 2,550 TPD

- 6 plants of Bio CNG with capacity of 600 TPD (100 TPD each) is under implementation on PPP mode
- Composting centers like MCC & windrows with capacity of 650 TPD in 215 ULBs
- 1,300 TPD of Bio CNG and windrow composting plant is sanctioned under SBM 2.0



Bio CNG - Chennai



Komarapalayam MCC



PN Palayam -Windrows

Wet Waste Processing – Greater Chennai Corporation



MCC - Tenampet (GCC)



Windrow- Madhavaram (GCC)



Manure sale to TANFED @ Madhavaram (GCC)

Waste Processing – Dry waste

- In 2022, Out of 5,470 TPD of total waste generation, 2,890 TPD is processed
- In 2019, Out of 5,223 TPD of total waste generation, 1,875 TPD processed

Dry waste disposal

- ✓ 1190 TPD of Saleable waste /recyclable waste collected from household and sold out to local vendors and amount distributed to sanitary workers.
- ✓ 1700 TPD of combustible dry waste is being disposed in 439 nos of Material Recovery Facilities/Resource recovery centres and sent to cement plants/ sugar mills/ power plants for co-processing.
- ✓ 880 TPD of Inert and drain silt is used for filling low lying areas

Gap in dry waste - 2,579 TPD

512 nos of Material Recovery Facilities with capacity of 3,620 TPD is sanctioned under SBM 2.0 to process the dry waste

Disposal of Dry Waste to Vendors, Cement factories and Sugar Mills













Disposal of Legacy Waste - Biomining

- No of Locations where legacy waste exist **271* nos**
- The estimated quantity of legacy waste 207 lakh cu.m
- Biomining works taken up 269 locations (19 Corporations, 95 Municipalities and 121 Town Panchayats)
- Work completed in 69 locations and cleared 32 lakh Cu.m
- So far 360 acres of land has been reclaimed
- * Biomining not feasible in Colachal and Kodaikanal municipality due to salt-pan & undulated hilly terrain.

Plan of Action for 100% - Removal of Legacy waste

S.No	No. of locations	Total quantity in lakhs Cu.m	Progress in Percentage	Probable Date of Completion
1	40	25.02	> 75%	30.09.22
2	21	22.38	50 to 75%	31.12.22
3	18	2.84	25 to 50%	30.06.23
4	79	20.6	0-25%	31.12.23
5	42	1.03	Tender stage	31.12.23
6	2 (GCC)	34 64	Perungudi – 30% Kodangaiyur – DFR stage	31.03.24 31.12.24
	200	174.67		

- ✓ After completion of the biomining, about **1,500 acres of land will be reclaimed** & proposed to setup processing facilities and surplus land will be developed as a green belt.
- ✓ During 2022-23, it is proposed to takeup **Green belt** in 69 ULBs which covers 369 acres of reclaimed land.









Pammal Municipality

Poonamallee Municipality









Idappadi Municipality

Erode Corporation







Tenkarai Town panchayat

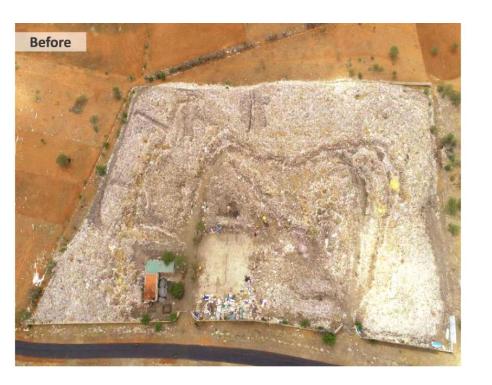




Marakkanam Town Panchayat



GCC -Pallikaranai





Karur Municipality





Chidambaram Municipality

Erode Corporation – Removal of Legacy waste from the bank of river Cauvery

- ✓ Location Viairapalayam river side
- ✓ Total Legacy waste removed 1.78 lakh cu.m

✓ Total area reclaimed - 7 acres





Biomining Work in progress at Perungudi Site (Greater Chennai Corporation)

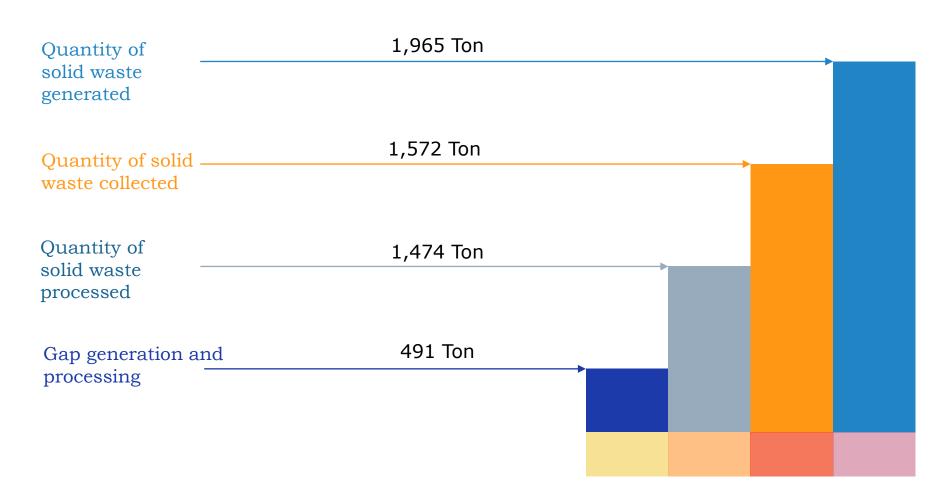


- Total quantity of legacywaste 34 lakh cu.m
- So far processed 10.27lakh cu.m (30%)
- Total Area to be
 reclaimed 225 acres

Time frame

S.no	Type of waste	Probable date of achievement
1	Door to Door Collection	31.12.22
2	Wet waste processing 31.03.23	
	300 TPD Bio CNG (GCC)	31.03.23
	300 TPD Bio CNG (GCC)	31.12.23
	650 TPD of MCC & Windrows (DMA+CTP)	31.03.24
	700 TPD of Windrows & 600 TPD of Bio CNG (GCC)	31.12.24
3	Dry waste processing	31.12.23
	3,620 TPD of MRF	31.03.24
4	Biomining of legacy waste	198 locations - 31.12.23 2 locations (GCC) - 31.12.24

Solid Waste Generation and Processing - Rural



SEGREGATION, COLLECTION AND TRANSPORTATION OF WASTE

- Basic SWM Infrastructure facilities are provided in all 12,525 Village Panchayats in phased manner
- 66,130 Thooimai Kaavalars (Green warriors) have been engaged in 12,525
 Village Panchayats for Door to Door collection of segregated waste
- The segregated waste are brought to the waste processing site through
 Tricycles / Push Carts / E Carts provided in each Village Panchayat

SEGREGATION, COLLECTION AND TRANSPORTATION OF WASTE

- Secondary segregation done in the segregation shed. Bio degradable waste is processed in the community compost pit and generated manure is processed in the Vermi compost unit in the Village
- Micro Composting Centre's are established through World Bank fund to treat the wet waste generated effectively (287 Micro Composting Centre's are established in the peri urban/bigger Village Panchayats)
- Recyclable waste are sold to scrap dealers through Thooimai Kaavalars (Green warriors)
- Plastic waste is being shredded in Plastic Waste Management Unit and utilized for road construction.









PLASTIC WASTE MANAGEMENT

- SBM(G) phase II provides Rs.16 lakh per Block to establish Plastic Waste
 Management unit
- So far 130 Plastic Waste Management units are established.
- One Plastic Waste Management per Block will be established.
- Shredded plastic is blended with bitumen (5% to 8%) and it is used for road construction
- From January 2020, 130 MT of plastic waste are shredded and 140 kms of road were laid.

PLASTIC WASTE MANAGEMENT













Good Models

Model cities & towns					
Corporations	Municipalities	Town Panchayats			
Erode — All wet waste generated in the town are converted into manure through 24 Micro composting centres. The manure generated is given to the farmers at free of cost	Thiruvannamalai About 250 kg of Cloth waste are collected every month from tailor shops. The fabric waste collected by municipal workers daily recycling of waste clothes in to mats.	Chinnalapatti Cloth waste left over from garment factories are directly collected and processed to produce colorful and attractive door mats, bags, etc.			
	Kadayanallur	Andiapatti			
	About 652 households are successfully practicing home composting. The manure generated in each household are used for own gardening and also given to the neighbors at free of cost.	effectively processed through windrow composting. The manure generated is value added through vermi composting			

Karunguzhi

Citric fruits collected from different juice shops are dried and powdered. This can be used for vessel washing detergent. Flower waste collected from different places and dried. This can be powdered and sold for the purpose of rangoli.

IEC - People's Movement for Clean Cities

- To make the cities clean and to involve every citizen in journey towards Garbage free cities <u>People's Movement for Clean Cities</u> has been taken up on mass scale in Urban Local Bodies.
- Special campaign to create awareness about cleanliness on 2nd and 4th Saturday of every month with the following objectives:
 - ✓ Sensitize people about solid waste management and make them aware about their responsibility
 - ✓ Create awareness among the segregation of waste at source
 - ✓ Ensure non littering of public places
 - ✓ Quest for cleanliness among the citizens
 - √ Say No to Single Use Plastic (SUP)

My Waste, My Responsibility

"என் குப்பை - என் பொறுப்பு"

IEC - Launching of Campaign

- Launch of the campaign by Hon'ble Chief Minister on 03.06.2022 at Chennai.
- Simultaneously, it was launched in all other ULBs.
- Planned for 2nd and 4th Saturday of every month.





IEC - Launching of Campaign







1st Thematic activity - Peoples Movement

In continuation to the launch of Peoples movement on 03.06.2022 for effective Implementation of the scheme, on June 11th i.e on second Saturday of the month, Cleaning activity have been taken up at

- **❖**Bus stands,
- ❖Parks,
- ❖Outside of Railway station,
- ❖Outside of Religious places,
- ❖Tourist Places,
- **❖**TNHUD settlements,
- ❖slums,
- Crematorium / Burial grounds.

1st Thematic activity - Peoples Movement

Total No. of Volunteers / Students / NGOs / RWAs participated: **57,018**

Total No. of Elected representatives/ VIPs participated: 9,351

Total No. of Locations mass cleaning activities done: 2,818

Total Weight of Wastes removed: **742 Tonnes**

Total No. of persons downloaded Swachhata app: **16,005**









Transformation of garbage vulnerable points







2nd Thematic activity - Peoples Movement

Sensitizing for Source segregation, Non-littering of public places & say No to SUP

Total No. of Volunteers / Students / NGOs / RWAs participated: 69,955

No of people sensitized through Volunteers/ NGOs / RWAs: 5,07,623

Total No. of Elected representatives/ VIPs participated: 9,452

Total No. of Hotspots cleared/put it into alternate use: 2,818

Total Weight of Wastes removed: 778 Tonnes

Total no. of shops sensitized on SUP:28,354

Quantity of plastic seized (in Kg): 21.19 Tonnes

Total No. of persons downloaded Swachhata app:16,097

2nd Thematic activity - Peoples Movement

Sensitizing for Source segregation, Non-littering of public places & say No to SUP





2nd Thematic activity - Peoples Movement

Sensitizing for Source segregation, Non-littering of public places & say No to SUP





2nd Thematic activity - Peoples Movement

Sensitizing for Source segregation, Non-littering of public places & say No to SUP







Declaration by parents on Source segregation

3rd Thematic activity - Peoples Movement

Awareness campaign in Schools and Colleges



 In addition to these events, every Wednesday the awareness campaign were planned in Schools and College to sustain the movement

3rd Thematic activity - Peoples Movement

Awareness campaign in Schools and Colleges













 As a result of 3 thematic activities, the quantity of segregated waste to processing facilities has been increased to 5% - 8%.

PLASTIC WASTE MANAGEMENT CAMPAIGN

Plastic waste management campaign is started in rural areas from **01.07.2022**. Following activities are planned in the campaign,

- Creating awareness on eradicating the use of Single Use
 Plastic and promoting 'Meendum Manjappai'
- Implementing Plastic Buyback Policy in all Village Panchayats
- Transporting the collected plastic waste to Plastic Waste
 Management Unit
- Sale of Shredded Plastic to Road Contractors



Plastic Waste Management

- From 01.01.2019, Government of Tamil Nadu issued orders banning of manufacture, storage, transport, supply, sale and use of 'use and throwaway plastics' (Single Use Plastics) vide G.O. Ms. No. 84 dated 25.06.2018.
- TNPCB taken steps to control production of SUP by issuing Closure direction and disconnection of power supply to **174 industries**. ULBs taken steps to seize SUPs and imposed fine amount from January 2019 to May 2022 are as follows:

S.No.	ULBs	SEIZED SUP in Tons	Fine Amount Collected in Lakhs
01.	Municipal Corporations	1012	600
02.	Municipalities	634	265
03.	Town Panchayat	122.37	143.24
04.	Greater Chennai Corporation	365	222
	Total	2133.37	1230.24

Plastic Ban Awareness Campaign: "MEENDUM MANJAPPAI"

- Government of Tamil Nadu has issued orders vide G.O. (Ms) No. 116 of Environment, Climate Change & Forest (EC.2) Department dated 27.11.2021
 - To fight plastic pollution and eliminate single use plastics, roadmap for single use plastic ban, activities for "Meendum Manjappai" campaign and proposed plans for successful implementation of the People's campaign on one time use and throwaway plastics
- Hon'ble Chief Minister of Tamilnadu launched a mega event on 23.12.2021 by flagging off the "Meendum Manjappai" campaign, *launch of Manjappai logo* to use traditional cloth bag (manjappai) and also made an appeal to the public to use cloth bags and to avoid single use plastics.
- **Manjappai Vending Machine** has been installed and the same was inaugurated during World Environment Day, 2022 on 05.06.2022.
 - The automatic machine dispenses a yellow cloth bag for 10 rupees and has been promoted and conversely the use of plastic carry bags among the general public is decreased.







Plastic Waste Management

MoEFCC Notification dated 12.08.2021 - SUP ban from 01.07.2022	Status
MOEF&CC notified Plastic Waste Management (Amendment) Rules, 2021 in	Comply with
which certain Single Use Plastic items have been prohibited from 30.09.2021 and	
plastic carry bags less than 120 microns from 31.12.2022.	

MANJAPPAI EXPRESS TRAIN

- Manjappai Express Train to be launched this year.
- Train will run throughout the State for 45 days.
- Will have on board & off board awareness programmes on SUP.

WAY FORWARD

- An Expo on Eco alternative proposed in August 2022
- Awareness on Eco alternatives & encourage Eco alternative industries
- Stop usage of banned plastic items in all department offices including district offices
- Moving towards a plastic free Secretariat, Collectorates,
 Police offices etc





SEWAGE MANAGEMENT

SEWAGE MANAGEMENT:

Category	Quantity of sewage generation (in MLD)	Treatment capacity in (in MLD)	Current Gap in treatment (in MLD)	Utilization of treated sewage in MLD		ge in MLD
	, ,			Agriculture/ Horticulture purpose	Industrial purpose	Any other purpose
CMWSSB (Chennai)	743.00	745.00	-	-	71.00	8.00
DMA	1698.73	994.31	704.42*	36.50	44.00	324.35
DTP	429.29	29.67	399.62**	6.82	-	-
Total	2871.02	1768.98	1102.4	43.32	115	332.35

^{* 359.72} MLD (STPs - 359 MLD and FSTPs - 720 KLD are under construction) – will be completed by Dec 2022

^{** 12.52} MLD (STPs -12.52 MLD and 80 KLD FSTP are under construction) – One STP (Thiruporur) will be completed by 30.9.2022; one STP at Sriperumbudur will be completed by Dec 2022.

Strategy for Used Water Management

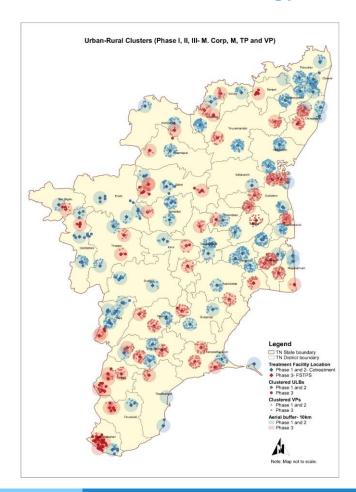
- In Tamil Nadu there were 664 ULBs, (now reorganized to 649 ULBs) of which
 - ✓ 58 ULBs have functional underground sewerage systems
 - ✓ In 22 ULBs UGSS are uer various stages of implementation and in 17 Towns it is under DPR stage.
 - ✓ The remaining 584 ULBs will be covered by onsite sanitation facility and Feacal Sludge and Septage Management (FSSM) systems.
- Underground Sewerage Systems is proposed in all Municipal Corporations, AMRUT cities, District headquarters towns, and some other towns of tourist and religious important places.

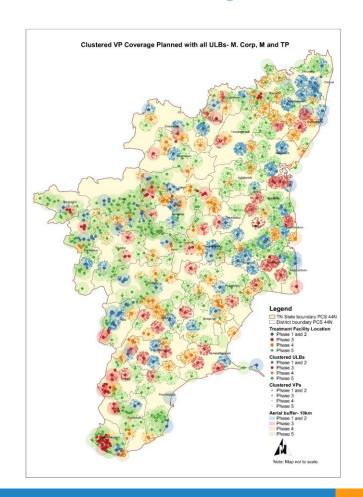
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Strategy.....

- 46 ULBs are served by functional 25 FSTPs and 31 FSTPS covering 75 ULBs are under implementation.
- The remaining 463 ULBs are proposed to be covered by 339 FSTPs under SBM 2.0, either on cluster basis or on standalone basis.
- The state has proposed FSTPs in 339 ULBs to serve 463 ULBs.
- The cluster towns are within 15-20 kms of proposed FSTPs is neither any sewage treatment plants or FSTPs
- Enacted the amendment to District Municipality Act, CMWWSB Act, Madurai and Coimbatore City Municipal Corporation Act - to exercise Faecal Sludge and Septage management including issuance of license for collection, transportation, treatment and disposal.
- The State will ensure that the untreated wastewater does not enter into waterbodies by implementing these works.

Strategy of State in Used Water Management





SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS COMPLETED AFTER 2019

CMWSSB & other ULBs

S1.	Location	Capacity of the plant in MLD	Status
1	Thiruvottriyur STP	31	Commissioned
2	Nesapakkam TTUF	10	Commissioned
3	Chetpet MSTP	1	Commissioned
4	Kotturpuram MSTP	0.6	Commissioned
5 Other ULBs (21 nos)		326	Commissioned
Total		368.60	

SEWAGE TREATMENT PLANTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION - CMWSSB

No.	Location	Capacity of the plant in MLD	Progress in %	Expected Date of Completion Timeline
1	Sholinganallur STP (PHASE II)	54	90.00	Dec 2022 (36+18) 18 MLD trial run in progress
2	Kodungaiyur STP Zone - I	120	73.25	Dec 2022
3	Kodungaiyur STP Zone - II	120	86.65	Dec 2022
4	Nesapakkam STP Zone - IV	50	78.25	Dec 2022
5	Perungudi STP Zone - V	60	54.20	Dec 2022
6	Perungudi TTUF	10	70.00	Dec 2022
7	Nungambakkam MSTP	1.2	70.20	Dec 2022
8	Langs Garden (TTUF)	10	48.50	Dec 2022
9 Todd Hunter Nagar MSTP		4	86.00	Nov 2022
Total		429.20		

TERTIARY TREATMENT PLANTS COMPLETED AFTER 2019 - CMWSSB

S1.	Location	Capacity of the plant in MLD	Status
1	Kodungaiyur TTRO	45	Commissioned
2	Koyambedu TTRO	45	Commissioned
3 Nesapakkam TTUF		10	Commissioned
Total		100	

TERTIARY TREATMENT PLANT UNDER CONSTRUCTION (CMWSSB)

No.	Location	Capacity of the plant in MLD	Physical Progress in %	Expected Date of Completion Timeline
1	Perungudi TTUF	10	70.00	Dec 2022
2	Langs Garden (TTUF)	10	48.50	Dec 2022
Total		20		

STP under Construction – Other Corporations and Municipalities

S1.	Location	Capacity of	Status	
No.	Bocation	the plant	Status	
1	STP (17 Locations)	359.00 MLD	Under construction	
2	STP (15 locations)	272 MLD	Proposed	
3	FSTP (46 locations)	0.72 MLD	Under construction	
4 FSTP (24 locations)		0.37 MLD	Proposed	
Total		632.19 MLD		

To monitor the quality parameters continuously as per **CPCB** directions, Installation of online continuous effluent monitoring system **(OCEMS)** under progress in all completed & ongoing STP's.

- OCEMS will be installed in all the existing STPS by September 2022 and;
- In ongoing STPs it will be completed by December 2023

STP under Construction – Town Panchayats

S1.	Location	Capacity of	Status	
No.	Location	the plant	Status	
1	STP (2 locations)	12.52 MLD	Under construction	
2	FSTP (5 locations)	0.08 MLD	Under construction	
Total		12.52 MLD		

• For small towns less than 1 lakh population - strengthening of sanitation services will be done by improving on-site systems regulation and Fecel sludge management in SBM 2.0. STP cum FSTP will be brought within the provison for the small volumes of used water and to treat fecel sludge.

Best Practices

For Urban:-

- **People below the poverty line** sewer line connections are given to the premises less than 500 sq.ft at Rs. 100 per connection to improve hygiene and safe disposal of sewage.
 - A total of 11,839 house sewer connections have been given after 2019 under this scheme.
- **Septage Management** To collect fecal sludge from the added areas of the Greater Chennai Corporation, served by septic tanks, CMWSSB has increased the number of decanting points in Sewage Treatment Plants for collection and co-treatment.
 - The collection of septage has been increased from 2.1 MLD in 2019 to 8.65 MLD at present and co-treated at Nesapakkam, Perungudi and Shollinganallur.

Best Practice

For Rural:-

- Individual and community soak pits works are taken in all Village Panchayats for Grey Water Management
- Under Swachh Bharat Mission (Grameen) Twin Leach Pit toilets are promoted to treat the faecal sludge at onsite
- 5 Faecal Sludge Treatment Plants are proposed and under progress at Tiruvallur, Kanchipuram, Chengalpattu, Coimbatore and Salem
 - It is also planned to utilize the facilities of FSTPs located in the urban areas by mapping nearby Villages (in a radius of 10-15 kms) for treating the faecal waste from septic tank toilets.
 - Initially, **1035 Village Panchayats** have been mapped with urban FSTPs.

Onsite Sanitation System - Rural



Individual Soak Pits - Keelmorappur Panchayat, Harur Block, Dharmapuri District



Community Soak Pit - Brahmadesam Panchayat, Bhavani Block, Erode District

Addressing Connecting Issues (Utilisation of full capacity and reuse of treated water)

- Initially the House Service connections (HSC) were given on demand basis. So, the anticipated HSCs connection could not be achieved.
 - Now HSC to all the households in the town were included as a project component and HSC being effected during the implementation itself. At present the considerable quantity of flow is received at the STP.
 - State Government have came out with a policy on reuse of treated wastewater during December 2019.
 - The policy envisages establishment of wastewater grids to promote the use of treated water for industrial, agriculture or non drinking purpose domestic use.
 - Presently the utilization of treated water is : -

Industries	115.00 MLD
Agriculture	43.32 MLD
Any other purpose	332.35 MLD

Reuse of treated used water by industries (Good Models)

- Secondary treated reuse water to Industries 25 MLD
- Tertiary treated reuse water to Industries 46 MLD
- Tertiary (TTUF) treated reuse water to lakes 8 MLD



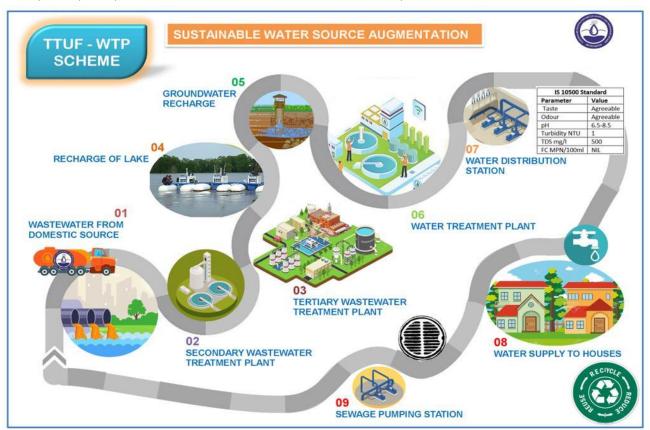
Koyambedu TTRO

Kodungaiyur TTRO

Utilization of treated used water has increased from 6% (32 MLD) in 2019 to 13% (79 MLD) at present

Utilisation – Treated used water (Good Models)

• Sustainable Decentralised Circular water usage model - Tertiary treated reuse water (STP (SBR) + Ultra Filtration → lake and WTP)



Utilisation – Treated Used water (Good Models)

Tertiary treated reuse water discharged to urbanised lakes – 8 MLD



Nesapakkam STP (SBR) + TTUF - 10 MLD (commissioned)







• Sustainable Decentralised Circular water usage model - Tertiary treated reuse water (STP (SBR) + Ultra Filtration lake and WTP)



Time frame

Actions planned	Status & Numbers	Capacity MLD	Timeline	Rough Cost Estimate
STPs (CMWSSB)	Under Construction (9 nos)	430	Aug 2022 – 1 No. Dec 2022 – 8 Nos.	747.44 Cr.
STPs (DMA)	Under Constrution (17 nos)	359	June 2023	3637 cr (including collection system)
STPs (DMA)	Proposed (15 nos)	272	Dec 2025	5297 cr (including collection system)
STPs (DTP)	Under Construction (2 nos)	12	Sept 2022 July 2023	119.11 cr
Total	43	1073		9,800.55 cr